want a President who will protect American citizens on land or sea. That man was James G. Blaine; but if they could not have him, the Republicans of Maine would follow with unbroken ranks the leadership of the Chicago nominee. The allusions in Judge Wiswell's speech to Blaine were received with applause, repeated again and again. Hats were thrown into the air, and the Kennebes placard was waved for several minutes.

The temporary organization was made permanent, and Hon. J. W. Symonds, of Portland, in an eloquent speech, presented the name of Henry B Cleaves for Governor, R. D. Powers presented the name of Mr. Burleigh. The convention then proceeded to ballot.

Mr. Burleigh was nominated on the first bal-

The platform adopted contains the following

Resolved, That free trade, as taught by the British Cobden Club and supported by Grover Cleveland and the Democratic party, is hostile to the industrial and b siness interests of the United States, and that the Mills tariff bill should be opposed by all honorable and effective influences which the friends of American labor can exert, both in Congress and among the

Resolved. That it is the duty of Congress to reduce the national revenues to the amount which shall equal as nearly as possible the annual expenditures of the government, inc uding liberal provision for our veteran soldiers and the proper means of national defense, and that this should be done in a way not to impair our Republican protective system, which has proved of inestimable value to American labor and

The administration is then denounced for its course in the fisheries dispute, prohibition is inmanded. Greeting is sent to Oregon, and also to Blaine. A resolution was inserted charging President Cleveland with inslucerity and hypocrisy in his advocacy of civil-service reform.

STORIES ABOUT THURMAN.

How He Was Convinced that Specie Payment Hed Been Resumed.

Hew York Tribune. The bringing forward at St. Louis of Judge Thurman, the red bandanna statesman of Ohio, has started a round of stories about that ancient, time-worn, moss-backed Bourbon politician. It is remembered that in the midst of the successful enforcement of the resumption policy, he made a speech at Hamilton, O., in which he declared resumption an impossibility and a failare. When the noted fiat money advocate, Gen. Thomas Ewing, was nominated by the Democrate for Governor of Ohio, in 1879, resumption had been accomplished and the credit of the government carried paper money on an equality with gold and silver. Very little coin, however, as compared with the volume of paper money, was distributed over the country. Senator Thurman went on the stump in Ohio, where in his first speech he ridiculed the idea that resumption had been effected and called on his andience to know if any of them had seen any gold or any silver. He then cited the absence of the coin as proof that resumption was only a sham. Being one of the great men of the party, Thurman was only called upon to speak once in three days. His next appointment was at Bellaire, a thriving manufacturing town in eastern Ohio, where it happened that pay-day occurred the day before he was announced to speak. Charles Foster, who was running against Ewing, having all these facts before him, telegraphed to a number of banker friends at Bellaire, and had the funds for pay day told off to the manu-lacturers in gold and silver. The workingmen were then asked to go to Judge Thurman's meeting. The old Statesman was greatly elated at the apparent enthusiasm in his honor. He started into his speech with great vigor, and presently soming to the money question, snort-

"Resumption is a shame, for what workingnen have seen any gold or silver!" Instantly two or three hundred right hands dove down into as many pockets and as quickly went up into the air exhibiting shinning coin, while as many throats shouted in deafening

"We have." The old Roman was confounded by this prac ical answer to his inqury. He finished his speech as best he could and then on plea of illness canceled his engagements for two weeks, while he rested at Bellaire and revised his man-

It was in the same gubernatorial campaign that General George A. Sheridan, who is at present the religious antagonist on the lecture cornees, of Indiana, in a similar manner. Mr. Toorhees had spoken at Zanesville. As a ramcant flat-money man he had denounced resumpion as a sham and a fraud, and said that no one could get gold and silver for greenbacks. General Sheridan was to speak there the following night. He got there in time to hear about Mr. Voorhees's speech and to consult with the leading bankers He found that they had all told \$5,000 to \$6,000 in gold and silver in their vaults, but they had pluck, which was better yet That night, from mercifully as a man who had deliberately mis-

stated the facts, and said:
"On behalf of the bankers of Zanesville I am authorized to say to you people assembled here that any one who wants gold for greenbacks can get it by going to their places of business to-

morrow, or any other time."

The General learned afterward that the banks were called upon for less than \$500 by reason of

Ex-Gov. Charles Foster tells a story illustratng another phase of the same money controversy. In his town of Fostoria, the cashier of his bank, who was named Wilksson, had got hold of the idea of paying out gold or silver very early in the campaign. As a rule, he paid out a little to every Democrat who came in for cash, wishing thereby to make a practical exhibition of Republican resumption. One day he paid out a nundred dollars in gold to an old farmer. of whose polities he was in doubt. The old fellow winked and nodded to Wilkeson, and finally where he tendered back the gold, saying: "Look-a-here, I'm all right, an' I got faith in this 'ere government like a mountain. You just take this back an' give me some of the greenback rage for it, and pay the gold out to some mustard-seed faith Democrat" Another story is told on Judge Thurman, who,

like most of the solid old Democrate of his kind, is a lover of good old rye, that on one occasion at Newark, O., he seriously shocked three cler-symen who called upon him to pay their respects. Having made a good speech that day, and being weary from his exertions, the Senator had sent down to the hotel bar for a bottle of whisky. The only stand in his room was a very small one, on which was placed a copy of the Bible, given to the hotel by the industrious members of the Y. M. C. A. The table was somewhat littered with stationery, and the bottie was set down upon the Bible. The clergy men looked at the bottle, then at the book, then at one another, and then at the Senator. They paid their respects in the most embarrassing manner and bowed themselves out.

OTHER POLITICAL NEWS.

Tammany Hall Ratifies the Nominations Made by the St. Louis Convention. NEW YORK, June 12 - Tammany Hall held a large meeting in the Academy of Music to-night to ratify the action of the St. Louis convention. The Tammany lamb "Thurman," which was brought from the West, all decked in ribbous, was a feature of the meeting. Hon. John Cochrane presided and there was a list of 700 vicepresidents and secretaries. Resolutions were passed ratifying the nominations made and the platform put forth by the convention. Governor Hill was the first speaker. In the course of his remarks he took occasion to reply to the remarks of Senator Ingalls in a recent speech in which he said: "The nomination and election of Grover Cleveland have made the pretensions of any American citizen to the presidency respectable." Governor Hill said he agreed with Mr. Ingalls, not in the sense meant by the President of the Senate, but in the sense that any man, however obscure, might aspire to that lofty position. Intending an insult to the President and the Democratic party, he had, un-American institutions. Concerning the platform, Governor Hill said: "We favor freer trade, but not free trade. The Democratic platform, while not in every respect as some of us might desire it, sufficiently expresses the principles of tariff reform, to which we are all committed. If I thought that our platform favored free trade I should not be here to-night. I believe in an ntelligent, fair and honest revision of the tariff, a revision in the interest of the spon the details of tariff measures, but we are all sereed upon the main and essential principle of our platform, which is that unnecessary taxtion shall cease, and that favoritism shall not the controlling feature of our tariff legisla "But notwithstanding the attitude of their representatives in Congress, and their persistent opposition to all measures for relief from taxacoming Chicago convention their platform will expitcitly deciare in favor of some revision of the tariff. They will find that public sentiment is too strong to be longer resisted, and they will

endeavor to ride with the current." Plain Talk from Warren G. Sayre. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WARASE, Ind., June 12 -Hon. Warren G.

Sayre, of this city, Speaker of the last Indiana

datare, is an enthusiast in the cause of

Gen. Ben Harrison's candidacy for the preciden-ual nomination. Mr. Savre predicts that the ticket selected next week at Chicago will read "Harrison and Morton." In conversation with your reporter he said: "General Harrison is certainly the strongest candidate that can be nominated. He would sweep Indian like wild-fire, and be elected without any doubt. This talk that we hear about Greeham is largely wind, and his alleged boom is greatly inflated. His is the only candidacy in the country that is being pushed by a machine, and that is backed by certain newspapers that have no regard for the truth. Wby, I am quoted by one of these sheets as saying that Greenam is my second choice. That is an infernal lie. I have no second choice. I am for Harrison first, last, and all the time. However it matters not, as no one cares for my opinions anyway. This wholesale misrepresentation that is now being indulged in by Greebam's supporters is bound to react, though, and it will be found that his alleged great popularity
has shrunk to mighty small proportions when
the convention assembles next week. Gen. Ben
Harrison is bound to be the nomines. I do not
know of a single Republican leader or politician
in this section of Indiana who is not for Har.ison, with no mental reservation and no second

Joint Senatorial Convention. Special to the Indianapolis Journa.

WABASH, June 12 .- The Republican joint senstorial convention of Wabash and Kosciusko counties met at North Manchester this after-Hon. W. D. Frazer, of Warsaw. Hon. C. W. Chapman, of Warsaw, was chosen perma-nent chairman, and the Republican editors of the two counties secretaries. Hon. H. B. Shively was placed in nomination by Hos. Alvah Taylor. Hon. W. G. Sayre performed a like service for Capt. B. F. Williams, and Rev. D. Hidy presented the name of Benj. F. Clemons. The total number of votes in the convention was 76, of which Clemons received 21 1-3; Shively, 25 1-3; Williams, 29 1-3. There being no choice. a second ballot was taken, resulting in no choice. This was continued until thirteen ballots had been taken, when Mr. Shivley withdrew his name, amid great applause. The fourteenth ballot resulted: Williams, 34.72; Clemons, 41.28, and Mr. Clemons was declared the nominee.

I. W. Royse, of Warsaw, pressented the following resolution indorsing General Harrison's

Recognizing the eminent services and statesman-ship of the Hon. Benjamin Harrison, we hereby de-clare ourselves in favor of his nomination as our can-didate for President of the United States at the Chicago convention on June 19.

The resolution was adopted with wild enthusisem, Geceral Harrison's name whenever mentioned being applanded to the echo. Mr. Clemons, the nomines, is an able young lawyer and a loyal Republican of North Manchester, and will creditably represent the counties in the State Senate. The convention was one of the liveliest ever held in the county, but was marked throughout with the utmost good

Thurman's Age.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal WASHINGTON, June 12.-Here is more proof from to-day's Post of the fact that Indiana Democrats do not relish the manner in which Governor Gray was turned down at St. Louis: "Conversing with a party of friends yesterday, Representative Bynum, of Indiana, made the assertion that Allen G. Thurman was eighty years of age. He was asked if that was not an error. 'No,' he said: 'a prominent Hoosier, Judge Biddle, told me that Thurman and he had been raised together, and that when Biddle was but seventeen years of age, Thurman was practicing law. Judge Biddle is now in his eightieth

GENERAL SHERIDAN.

He Rests Quietly and Comfortably, and Everything Is Moving Along in Good Shape.

WASHINGTON, June 12 .- 9 P. M.-There is no change to be observed in General Sheridan's condition. It continues to be substantially the same. His pulse is 164 to 106, of fair volume and tension. He coughs very little, and his respiration remains irregular. He takes plenty of nourishment without indications of failure of digestion or assimilation. R. M. O'REILLY. "W. MATTHEWS. "H. C. YARROW."

There will not be another bulletin issued till

WASHINGTON, June 13, 12:15 A. M.-Gen. Sheridan's condition remains the same as when the 9 oclock bulletin was issued. He has rested quietly and comfortably since that time and everything is going on smoothly. He has not been informed of his mother's death, and probably will not be for several days.

Ten Dollars' Worth of Lnok. Washington Special.

When Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, made his celebrated speech on the tariff, a few weeks ago, he emphasized the fact that a suit of woolen clothes could be purchased in this country for \$10.
Representative Leopold Morse, of Massachusetts, it will be remembered, interrupted the speaker at this point with a flat denial, coupled with the statement:

"You couldn't buy it of me at that figure."
Mr. McKinley at once drew from his desk an entire suit, which he showed to have been purchased at Mr. Morse's own establishment in Bosmember resumed his seat amid the laughter and eers of the Republicans, but the oddness of the oincidence was such as to make it the subject of extended comment.

"The suit," said Mr. McKinley subsequently. was sent to me from Bostor to prove how cheaply a workingman could buy his clothes accompanying it was the receipt. As I started to the Capitol that morning a friend suggested that I carry the suit with me. I had no inten-tion of doing so, and at first declined, but I afterward changed my mind and had it sent up and placed inside my desk. Mr Morse's interruption came like an inspiration. Had the whole affair been prearranged it could not have been more dramatic in its effect. Such a thing could not happen once in a thousand years of legislative experience. The very singularity of the coincidence gives a new interpretation to the old saying that it is the unexpected which usually

Indiana Pensions. Pensions have been granted the followingnamed Indianians:

W. R. Johnson, Boggstown; J. C. Havans, Marion; J. M. McIntosh, Brownsville; M. Wanl, Grown Point; S. J. Sandrews, State Line; W. Bailey (deceased), Bryantsville; W. R. Gardner (deceased), Rome; M. L. Hart, Lexington; W. Butrick, Elkbart; J. G. Martin, Medora; J. Alexander, Coffee; J. Moffatt, Huron; C. H. Smith, Shelbyville: I. Williams, Ellettsville; M. Dalipoover. Madison; F. Miller, Huntington; W. H-nrycks, Shelbyville; T. J. Delamere, Marion; W. H. Lucas, Asherville; M. C. Clark, Carroll; E. B. S. Bonowell, Spencer; S. A. Evans, In-dianapolis; E. Edwards, Indianapolis; H. C. Lemon, Rising Sun: J. Frick, Evansville; minors of W. Bailey, Bryantsville; widow of N. Jack-son, Palmyra; mother of D. Diek, Muncie; widow of J. Heye, Shelbyville; widow of T. L. Adams, Pleasant.

Nothing Between the Ears. Washington : pecial. It was a knotty point which had come up before the finance committee of the Senate. Mr. Beck would not or could not be convinced that Mr. Vance was correct in a certain statement e had made regarding the matter. "Why don't you put it in writing, man?" exslaimed the stalwart Kentuckian with more than usual emphasis in his tone. "What you "Ab," replied the with "Ab," replied the witry Vance, winking regulably at Senator Allison, who sat at the ead of the table, "that's because there's nothog there to stop it." The other members of the committee laughed neartily, but Mr. Beck looked stern.

Indiana Patents. pecial to the Indianapolis Journas.

WASHINGTON, June 12.-Patents were granted Indiana inventors to-day as follows:

James H. Brown, Richmond, car-brake; Wm. H. Brown, Indianapolis, fire-proof floor; Alpha B. Cuip, Wakarusa, fence; James W. Mulvey, Jonesville, hoe cultivator; Geo. Potte, Indianapolis, clay disintegrator; Albert C. Rosencranz, evansville, plow; Frank Schefold, assignor to N. T. DePauw, New Albany, machine for grinding, smoothing and polishing glass.

The National Republican No More.

Washington Special. As the first result of the recent newspaper consolidation in this city, the employes of the National Republican were notified to-day that their services would no longer be required, and the publication of that paper ceased with to-day's issue.

General Notes, Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, June 12.-Hobart Brooks, who for some years has been the Washington corre-

spondent of a number of newspapers, was mar-ried, last night to Mis- Kate Neal Scott, the well-known soprano singer, and a former resident of Indianapolis. The wedding was a quiet affair, and occurred in the parsonage of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Rev. Father Ryan officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Brooks left for the North, attended by the best wishes

Misses Mary and Laura Frazer, of Frankfort,

are visiting their father, Samuel Frazer, of the Pension Department. Miss M Moore and Queen, Ralph, Frank and Collett Cheadle, of Frankfort, are in the city, The National Republican, after a career of nearly twenty-eight years, suspended publication this morning, the paper having been merged in the Washington Post, which is now printed as an independent journal. For the present, and until the conclusion of other arrangements, the Pest continues under its old management, Mr. Stileon Hutchins retaining the business control and Mr. Walter S. Hutchins the editorship Indian Commissioner Atkins will to-morrow tender his resignation, to take effect at the leasure of the President, and will leave Washington for his home at Paris, Tenn., to enter upon an active canvass for election to the United

> DAILY WEATHER BULETIN. Indications.

States Senate.

WASHINGTON, June 13-1 A. M For Illinois Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin -Light to fresh southerly winds; brisk on the lakes; warmer; light local rains.
For Ohio-Light to fresh easterly winds; warmer, fair weather.

Local Weather Report. INDIANAPOLIS, June 12. Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather | Prec 7 A. M... 30.16 55 76 S'east Clear. 2 P. M... 30.05 74 30 S'east Fair. 9 P. M... 30.03 68 46 South Clear. Maximum thermometer 77; mimimum thermo

ter, 52. Following is a comparative statement of the condition of temperature and precipitation on June 12, Normal..... Mean

General Observations. WASHINGTON, June 12, 9 P. M. | Bar. |Ther Wind | Pr. |Weather 76 S'east Clear. 72 South T Cloudy 76 Swest Fair. 76 North Cloudy. 76 South T Fair. 74 S'east Cloudy. 70 S'east Cloudy Minuedosa, N. W. T. 29.42
Prince Arthur's L'dg 29.72
Chicago, Ill. 29.92
Duluth, Minn 29.90
Milwaukee, Wis. 29.74
St. Paul, Minn 29.72
La Crosse, Wis 29.80
Davenport, Ia 29.84
Des Moines, Ia 29.76
Concordia, Kan 29.70
Keokuk, Ia 29.84
Cairo, Ill. 30.00
Springfield, Ill. 29.94 44 Neast .64 Fair. 66 S'east Clear. 60 South Fair. 50 Neast .24 Cloud 68 Calm. T Rain. 68 South Cloudy 70 South Clear.

74 S'east Clear.
76 South Clear.
72 South Clear.
72 Calm. Clear. Springfield, Ill..... 29.94 St. Louis, Mo...... 29.94 70 South Cloudy 74 South Clear. 70 South Clear. pringfield. Mo..... 29.94 76 South Clear 78 South Cloud 70 Neast Clear. 76 S'east T Rain. 70 West. Clear.

Leavenworth, Kan. 29.82
Omaha, Neb. 29.74
Valentine, Neb. 29.64
Yankton, D. T. 29.72
Bismarck, D. T. 29.58
Fort Buford, D. T. 29.56
Ft Assinaboine, M. T. 29.56
Character, M. T. 29.56
Character, W. T. 29.56 70 West. Cloudy 70 South Cloudy 72 East. Cloudy Cheyenne, Wy. T. 29.68 North Platte, Neb. 29.64 Denver, Col. 29.64 74 North Clear. 78 S'east Clear. 78 S'east Clear.
 Dodge City, Kan
 29.74
 78
 S'east
 Clear.

 Fort Elliott, Tex
 29.74
 78
 S'east
 Clear.

 Fort Sill, I. T
 29.88
 76
 South
 Clear.

 Fort Davis, Tex
 29.90
 76
 Calm
 Cloudy.

 El Paso, Tex
 29.70
 86
 North
 Cloudy.

 Salt Lake City, U. T. 29.62
 72
 East
 Fair.

 Santa Fe, N. M
 29.72
 72
 N'wst
 Fair.

 Montrose, Col.
 S'east
 Cleudy.

fontrose, Col...... S'east Cloudy.

T-Traces of precipitation.

Killed and Injured in a Fire.

NEW YORK, June 13. - Fire broke out shortly before 1 o'clock this morning in a four-story tenement at Second street and Second avenue, and in a short time flames poured from the windows of all the floors. About ten people were injured, and one man was killed. Four people were rescued from a thirdstory window. Mrs. Koenig jumped from a second-story window and was seriously injured. Augustus F. Burdick, burning all over, rushed up to the roof of the burning building and ran to the adjoining roof. He fell down through the scuttle of that house to the floor below, and soon after died. Two girls and a boy were rescued in an unconscious condition. Mrs. Julius Clemens was badly burned about the head and ing flames and smoke. The list of injured is as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Julius Clemens, Julius Ottman, Mr. and Mrs. Wisernek and three children, a boy nine, girls four and seven, and Mrs. Keenig. Mrs. Wisernck is in a delirious condition, suffering from burns on her arms and face. Mrs. Koenig is supposed to be internally injured. The men taken out are suffering from smoke inhalation, but are not supposed to be dangerously injured. The pecuniary loss is about

Threatened War in the Indian Nation. GAINESVILLE, Tex., June 12.—Some time ago the cattle men of the Chickasaw Nation of the Indian Territory resisted the collection of the cattle tax of \$1 per head for cattle grazing on Indian lands, and drove the collector and his deputies away with violence. The Governor was notified, and through the United States government a psaceable settlement was attempted, but without result favorable to the Indians. The cowboys began to assemble, and now about 500 are refidezvoused in the southern part of the Nation. Governor Guy has ordered out the national militia, about one hundred Indians, and they are assembled now at Ardmore, preparatory to moving upon the cowboys. Captain McLish was put in command of them, and he has orders to move at once. To-day the camp has been in a stir, getting ready for the compaign, and it is expected the troops will be on the march to-morrow. They will move cautiously, as it is feared they are not strong enough to combat the cattle men, who are armed with Winchesters. Many of these men are citizens of the Nation, and it is feared that this is the first outbreak of a civilwar. The government troops at Fort Rene are prepared to take the field in case the troops cannot quell the dis-

Murder and Suicide. ALTOONA, Pa., June 12 -A man named Glasgo, a resident of Glasgo, Cambria county, shot and killed his son-in-law named Lamado, and then put a bullet through his own head yesterday. The son-in-law died instantly. Glasgo still lives out will die. The cause of the tragedy is attributed to family troubles. Lamado was not living with his wife and refueed to give Glasgo the care of a child. The father-in-law became enraged, and procuring a revolver entered Lamado's residence and began to shoot, which resulted as above. Glasgo was a prominent citizen of the place and after whom the town was named.

Marriage of Amelie Rives. BALTIMORE, Md., June 12 .- The Sun's special from Charlottesville, Va., says: "A marriage license was issued to-day to John A. Chandler and Miss Amelie Rives. Mr. Chandler and Dr. J. M. Page, a friend of the authoress, went to the clerk's office and requested that officer to say nothing of their mission. The register shows that the license authorizing the marriage of Mr. Coandler and Miss Rives was issued, but is eilent as to the date and place of marriage. Mr. Chandier is a connection of the Astors, of

A later dispatch says that Miss Rives, the authoress, will be married to-morrow at her residence near Charlottesville.

Steamship News. MOVILLE, June 12 -Arrived: Ethiopia, from

New York for Gasgow. New York, June 12 -Arrived: State of Nebracks, from Glasgow. London, June 12 -Arrived: Persian Monarch. from New York.

AYER's Sersaparilla requires smaller doses and is more effective than other blood medicines.

BALTIMORE, June 12 .- Arrived: Dona u, from

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

The Daily Chronicle of Happenings of Various Kinds in the Two States.

Saloon Fight in Which Two Men Are Patally Stabbed-Catholic Temperance Union -Mad Dogs at Wabash-Minor Notes.

INDIANA.

Saloon Row at Portland in Which Two Men Are Farally Stabbed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journes.

PORTLAND, June 12-A bloody saloon row occured in Londerman's saloon, last night, that has thrown the city into a high pitch of excitement. The parties engaged in the fight were James Cole, Joseph McLellan, Charles Williams and Jerry Moore, all residents of Portland. They had all been drinking heavily, and three of them, disagreeing about some small matter, were quarreling, when Joe McLellan stepped up as a peace-maker. Cole, without any provocation, drew a large knife and commenced slashing away at McLellan, inflicting fatal wound in the groin. Me-Lellan took a few steps and dropped dead. Cole then stabbed Jerry Moore, inflicting a wound that will prove fatal. Cole then made his escape. The commissioners offered a reward of \$400, and at 5 o'clock this evening Cole was found in an old stable in South Portland and lodged in jail by Deputy Sheriff John Canfield. McLellan, who was an inoffensive man, had many friends. Crowds are now congregating around the jail, but it is believed that no effort will be made to lynch Cole. Williams

Catholic Temperance Union. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

was lodged in jail this morning.

PERU. June 12.-The State convention of the Catholic Temperance Union of Indiana con. menced in this city to-day, and promises to be one among the largest yet held. The morning was taken up with reception of delegates and visiting brethren from various points of the State. Solemn high mass was held, and a welcome address was given at the church at 11 & M. The church, a large, commodious and magnificent structure, is beautifully decorated for the occasion, as is also the school building adjoining. Among the guests of Father Meisner, the pastor, are T. Weichman, president of the union; J. Butler, secretary, and Father Quindling, of Lafayette. There are many yet to arrive, and a number have reported as missing connections. The largest delegation that has yet arrived is the Father Mathew Society, of Logausport, with their band. The grand parade formed promptly at 2 o'clock, and was a feature of the day's proceedings. The buildings along the line of march were profusely decorated and the walks lined with spectators. The business transacted consisted of an address by the president, Rev. Father Weichman, of Anderson, and appointments of committees on credentials and resolutions. There was a grand entertainment this evening.

Mad Dogs at Wabash.

special to the Indianapolis Journa. WABASH, June 12.—The residents of the First ward, in this city, are considerably exercised over the presence of several mad dogs in that part of the city. The trouble started from a large shepherd dog owned by a man named Brown, which on Sunday was seen to be afflicted with rabies. The animal terrorized the inhabitants and bit a number of other dogs before it could be shot. Since then several dogs which were contaminated have gone mad, and are being killed as rapibly as possible before any damage is done. Last night the city council took action, and passed an ordinance requiring that all dogs be muzzled after July 1.

How a Son Found His Father

Special to the Indianapolis Journal SHELBYVILLE, June 12.-In 1877 Martin H. Phipps, a well-to-do farmer of Gallatin county, Ky., almost insane because of a wayward daughter, left his home and family, determined to be a wangerer the remainder of his life. His family made every effort to ascertain his whereabouts, but were unsuccessful and gave him up for dead. A few days ago his son, still living on the old farm with his mother, saw in a daily paper that M. H. Phipps, of Shelbyville, Ill., had been allowed a pension as a Mexican vet-eran. He arrived here yesterday and found his long-lost father, an inmate of the poor-house. Phipps is now seventy-seven years of age.

Death from Blood Poisoning. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

VINCENNES, June 12.-A day or two since Dr. A. L. Case, a young physician, died at his home in Velpen, near Petersburg, Ind., of blood poisoning. In performing an autopsy a few days ago, he accidentally punctured his finger, from which blood poisoning set in and resulted in death. He had but fairly begun his professional life. sional life. He was highly connected.

Fined for Rout.

Special to the Indianapolis Journes. LOGANSPORT, June 12.—Dan Needham and ton, John Henley, John Miller and Lew Allen, seconds and backers in the attempted prizefight, near this city, were fined \$10 each by a jury in the Circuit Court here to-day. The charge against them was rout.

Minor Notes. Matthew Smith, of Connersville, wishes the address of Dr. Wright, who was on board the gunboat Little Rebel. No. 16, of the Mississippi river fleet, in 1864 and 1865.

Charles Anderson, a miner, aged forty-five years, and married, committed suicide in the rear yard of Slater's saloon, at Center Point, on Monday night, by cutting his throat. No cause is known. A company with a capital stock of \$20,000 has

been formed at Columbus for the purpose of building an electric street railway. The stock is divided into shares of \$25 each. Subscriptions amounting to several thousand dollars have already been raised. The Knights of Labor of Clay county held a

mammoth anniversary picnic, yesterday, at Brazil. Six bands were in the procession. The principal address was by Master Workman W. Lewis, president of district assembly No. 135. The attendance was large.

A knowledge of the whereabouts of Willie Glaherty, who lived in the flats near North Madison, and who left home about a year ago is greatly desired. His mother died about two weeks ago, leaving his aged father. Any information in regard to him will be greatly appreciated.

ILLINOIS.

George Boyd Called to Answer for the Killing of Dick Williams.

DECATUR, June 12. - The murder case against George Boyd was called up in the Circuit Court before Judge Hughes yesterday afternoon. It will go to trial Wednesday. Boyd has been in prison since last November, when in a drunken brawl he stabbed Dick Williams. Both were young men who lived in Maros, and had come to Decatur together. Here they met Arthur Goolsby, with whom they visited several sa-loons. Boyd and Goolsby got to quarreling about an old grudge, and Williams succeeded in taking Boyd some distance away in the effort to prevent a tragedy. Boyd resented the inter-ference, and stabbed Williams in the side, the victim dying the next morning. A large number of witnesses will testify in the case.

Brief Mention.

Five horses belonging to Wm. McNurlan. of Orange, were struck by lightning on Sunday, and, singular to relate, all were rendered deaf, but no other injury resulted. Alexander Flemming a prominent and wealthy

farmer, was thrown from his buggy at Siddell, Monday evening, and instantly killed. His wife, who was in the buggy with him, was also dangerously hurt. Henry R. Junkins, an exemplary and popular young man of Marshall, burst a blood vessel yesterday, and died almost immediately. He

and only his marvelous will-power kept him While William Nolan, of Danville, was returning from a taueral Sunday evening he was way-laid by Will Boener and Charles Workman and hadly beaten and his horse killed. Boener and Workman would have been lynched if the people in the neighborhood could have caught them. They are both in jail.

had been in oad health for the last four year

Jay Gould in the South. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 12.—Jay Gould and party arrived this afternoon, on a special fixale, from Memphis. They

rode up Lookout mountain on the standard-gauge road and came down on the inclines. Mr. Gould is suffering from neuralgia, which takes the form of headache. He leaves in the moraing for New York by the East Tennessee road.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Sheridan, Mother of the Distinguished Soldier New Ill in Washington.

PITTSBURG, June 12 -A special to the Dispatch fram Somerset, O., saye: "Mrs. Sheridan, mother of Gen. Phil. Sherman, died at her home here to-day after a long illness. Mrs. Sheridan was born in County Cavan, She was never robust in appearance. Her stature was small, and her weight, of late, did not exceed seventy pounds; but she no doubt exceeded one hundred and twenty pounds in her younger years. Her eyes were gray, keen and searching; her utterance free and decisive. She lived in the home which the General purchased for the family prior to the war. In this house resided John Sheridan, his wife and daughters, now at school. Mother his wife and daughters, now at school. Mother Sheridan was provided with all that heart could wish of this world's store, and was fortunate in the care and society of her daughter-in law, Mrs. John L. Sheridan. Reports concerning the dangerous condition of her son Phil were studiously kept from Mother Sheridan, but she knew that he was sick." Other Deaths.

Sr. Louis, Mo., June 12 -- Mrs. Clara H. Pope, wife of Major-general John Pops, died at the family residence in this city yesterday, and will be buried to-morrow Mrs. Pope was a daughter of Hon. V. B. Horton, who represented the Pomeroy (O.) district in Congress from 1861 to

1865, and was fifty-three years old. CHICAGO, June 12 -A telegram has been received in this city announing the death, at Ft. Riley, Kan., from heart disease, of Mrs. For-sythe, wife of Col. James W. Forsythe, U. S. A. Deceased was, before her marriage, Miss Lizzie Dennison, and was a daughter of ex-Governor Dennison, of Ohio.

LOUISVILLE, June 12.—Judge Joseph Bigger, member of Paducah City Council, feil back dead in his chair at the meeting of that body last night. Apoplexy was the cause. He was, in 1880, Speaker of the Kentucky House of Representatives. His age was sixty.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Saint Vitus dance has appeared in Duquein as an enidemic, a number of persons having been affected with the strange malady within

At New York in the suit of Miss Minnie Tarry against the wife of Dr. Perine for \$10,000 damages for libel, the jury brought in a sealed verdict awarding the plaintiff twelve cents

The forty-eighth annual session of Fox River Universalists' Association opened yesterday at Elgin, with a sermon by the Rev. D. M. Reed. of Rockford. The convention will close Thurs-The police department has just finished tak-

ing a census of the population of Baltimore, including the newly annexed sections. The result shows the number of inhabitants to be 416,805, of which 64,509 are colored. Dr. Withrow, of the Third Presbyterian

Church, of Chicago, preached the baccalaureate sermon at Monticello Seminary. Godfrey. on Monday night. Yesterday the semi-centennial of the seminary was celebrated by a reunion of Sensational scenes are reported from the faith-cure camp-meeting at Oakland Park, Decatur, conducted by Mrs. Maria Woodworth,

the trance evangelist. Four young persons feil

to the ground in trances, remaining unconscious over an hour, and others professed marvelous The executive committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company met yesterday in New York and decided to recommend a dividend of 1 per cent. out of the earnings for the current quarter. The directors will at on the recommendation to-day. President Green

says the statement to be published to-day is a A dispatch from Tallahasae, Fla., says that Dennis Williams, colored, who shot and seriously wounded Superintendent McCormick, at Ellaville, Saturday, was taken to the woods by a mob and lynched yesterday. His body was afterwards found in the river. The negroes are greatly incensed. It is reported they will try

to avenge Williams's lynching. Peter Alt, proprietor of the Arlington House, near the Pimlico race-track, Baltimore, was shot and almost instanly killed, Monday night, by his son William, aged fifteen years. The shooting took place in the kitchen of the residence and was the outcome of a family quarrel. Alt's wife says the shooting was done

in her defense. Young Alt was arrested. An Italian tragedy was enacted yesterday morning in a tenement at No. 217, Green street, New York. Philip Gastoni, thirty years old, shot Mrs. Louisa Marri in cold blood in her own appartments, and then blew out his own brains. Mrs. Marri was not dead, but when taken to the hospital her condition was found to be so critical that the coroner was called in to take her

ante-mortem statement. Anna L. Hower, a female convict, made her escape from the lows penitentiary at Anamosa. Sunday night, by sawing off an iron bar over her window in the top tier of cells and letting herself down by means of bed-clothes, then climbing up a rope and scaling the wall. She was sent from Cedar Rapids for eighteen years for murder in the second degree, she having assisted a man in killing her busband. She afterserved five years. She is the first female that has ever escaped.

Indiana's Opportunity.

Kokomo Gazette-Tribune. The Republican situation relative to the presidency has been simplified somewhat within the past few days. The splendid triumph of Republicanism in Oregon, where a majority altogether unprecedented has been won, dispels largely any anxiety that may have been felt on the Pacific slope. The tidings from Oregon make it certain that any clean representative Republican will receive the electoral vote of the

Pacific States. With this assurance Republicans are now casting about to ascertain how their cause may be strengthened in other quarters of the Union Indiana comes first into consideration in any possible plan of campaign. It is pretty generally admitted that Iudiana's electoral vote will determine the presidential contest. That was the judgment of the enemy at St. Louis, and it is the conclusion of observing politicians every-

The highest obligation, therefore, resting pon the Republican party in convention at Chicago is to provide a ticket that shall remove all doubt of the issue in Indiana. This can be done and assurance made doubly sure by the nomination of an Indiana candidate. Who shall be bel Two illustrious Indianians will be proposed to the convention, General Harrison by the Republicans of Indiana. General Greeham by the Republicans of Illinois. * * The choice has been made already in Indiana, and it bids fair to be ratified by the wise, trusted and patriot counselors of Republican-

ism who make up the national convention.

The Indiana delegation is commanded to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of General Harrison, who has been identified with the working Republicans of the State in every hard-fought battle since the organization of the Republican party. The commission to the Indiana delegation to secure, if possible, the nomination of their favorite for the presidency came direct from the people. Starting in the towntheir preference for General Harrison up through the county and district conventions to the State convention, where it was declared with extraordinary unanimity that the battle for reunited Republicanism could be best fought under the standard of Gen. Benjamin Harrison. This is the deliberate judgment of the men on the ground where the thickest of the fight will be waged. This is the plain, honest, patriotic conviction of the men who fight the battles of Republicanism in Indiana, and who desire above all else the restoration of the Republican party to power in the councils and in the administration of the government.

A Back-Number Statesman.

Nebraska State Journal. The statement that the nomination of Thurman makes Ohio a doubtful State is all rot. For forty years Thurman has never been placed on the Democratic sicket that he did not come in with the greatest minority of anybody on the ticket. Thurman is recognized in Onio, even among Democrats, as a back-number statesman Representing the policy that he does to-day, standing upon the platform which was made at the St. Louis convention. the wool-growers of Onto will give such a majority for the Republican tieset that Mr. Cleveland will wonder why be ever asked to have Mr. Thurman on his ticket.

The Plain Issue. Boston Globe (Dem.)

But it is as impossible to prevent this camtion as against non-protection as it would be to turn Niagara back into Lake Ontario. The dominant Democratic powers do not desire any-thing else, and Mr. Cleveland has made himself

THE TIME THAT WAS GIVEN HIM

A Notable Statement from Mr. Muelle: -Six Years of Suffering.

Where Serious Attention Was First Attract ed-"I Had Suffered Terribly Without Any Hope of Getting Relief."

"It was by shortness of breath and sharp pains in my sides that I first found that my trouble had got a serious hold on me," explained Mr. Mueller. "It had begun with my head stopped up. sore throat, and, well, what I thought to be a number of colds in the head, one following the

"But, about six years ago, I found that my

trouble was really serious. These pains that I speak of would catch me in the side. It was like a 'stitch in the side,' as some people call it—sharp and sudden-like, extending through to the "I began to feel, as my trouble extended, a sense of oppression on my chest, as if there was a weight there. There would be a tight, un-

one nostril would be clogged up and then the other, and there would frequently be a dis-"My eyes were weak and watery and dark spots seemed to come before them at times. My ears were also affected. I would hear strange

comfortable feeling across my forehead, over the

eyes and across the bridge of my nose. First

sounds in them, often like the SOUND OF A TERFALL,

or the noise of a saw-mill. "My throat was often choked up with mucus, which kept dropping into the back part of it, and I would bawk and spit "p greenish or yellow mucus, sometimes P d with blood. could not sleep well at n and not at all if I lay on my back. I wot tways lie with my bead raised and my mon. a open, being unable to breathe through my nose. I would have a bad taste in my mouth of a morning and feel more

tired than when I went to bed the night before.



MR. CHAS. A. MUELLER, 388 YANDES ST. "My throat had a raw feeling. My sense o smell grew bad. I could pot hear well and could see that I was becoming deaf. What ate did not taste good. My breath had a bad odor. Every morning I would have a time bawking and spitting to get rid of the mucus which had collected there during the night. "My heart would beat fast on the slightest exertion, thumping against my ribs and then suddenly it would stop altogether for an instant and then go on again faster than ever.

This would give me a feeling of faintness and giddiness, which was most marked when I WOULD STOOP OVER. Then my head would swim round and round. Sometimes I could scarcely dress myself on account of it. I had tried every kind of treat-

ment I could hear of-doctors and patent remedies without number-but they would not even relieve me. "During this time I steadily lost in flesh, ost nineteen pounds within a short time. grew tired on the slightest exertion. I often worked, though I was scarcely able to. My

muscles and feet were sore and stiff. "Not long ago I read a statement in the daily papers by a gentleman whose case was similar to mine and who had been treated and cured by Dr. Franklyn Blair, of 203 North Illinois street. "I did not call on him at once, fearing his terms would be too high for me, as I was a poor man and compelled to work for my living. did, however, at last consult him and found his

charges Were most reasonable. "Well, I placed myself under his treatment and I commenced to improve at once. My pains and aches passed away, and I am happy to say feel to-day as well as ever I did in my life. leat well, sleep well, feel well and am well. don't mind my work now, at all. I gained steadily in flesh until I had gained back

ALL THE WEIGHT I LOST when I was sick. Not a trace of my trouble remains now, and it is because I am grateful to Dr. Franklyn Blair for my recovery that I allow my name to be used and make this statement for publication. I had suffered terribly and despaired of ever getting relief. That explains

Mr. Charles A. Mueller, the gentleman making the statement above given, resides at 388 Yandes street. His features are fairly reproduced in the portrait which accompanies this

the real platform. There are Democrats who wanted to shirk the issue, and they did sue in getting the evasive plank of the platform of 1884 incorporated into this year's declaration of principles. But to this are annexed the President and the Mills bill, and they are the exposition of the Democratic tariff ideas of 1888.

What They Need and Will Have. Brooklyn Eagle (Dem.)

The Republicans do not need a drag-net platform. They do not need a mere money age at either end of their ticket. What they need is a broad, clean, upright, capable nominee for the presidency, standing firmly in line with richs principles and progressive ideas. With such a man on such a platform they can wage a hopeful and reputable, if not a successful, canvasa. Without such a man they will sentence their party in advance to overthrow at the polls, and elimination from the politics of the country.

The Old Bureau in a New Place.

Cincinna ti (ommercial Gazette. One of the idiots who manufacture sensations at Columbus has telegraphed the Baltimore Sun that Whitelaw Reid has written Governor Foraker urging him to go for Blaine, and take the second place on the ticket. This is an absolute absurdity. Reid could not make and Foraker could not consider such a proposition. This wide, wild gabble by telegraph is gotten up and on the wires in the hope of breaking Sherman's strength by impairing the reputation of his strength in the Ohio delegation.

They Sild Echo.

Detroit Tribune The Democrats are now sending great bales of love and admiration to Governor Gray, but the touts and jeers that greeted him in the St. Louis convention are still echoing o'er the land.

Printing Works Burned. MANCHESTER, N. H., June 12. - The laboratory of the Manchester printing-works, with its contents, was burned to-night. Loss, \$35,000; un-



Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical that the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight alam ph cephate powders. Sold only in case. BULAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, M. E.